



LESSON PLAN -Survey Practice-1 (Pr.1), Batch- 2022-25,Session - 2023-24(SUMMER)

Discipline: Civil Engineering	Semester:4th	Name of the Teaching Faculty: Rupell kumari patro , GF In Civil GP Kandhamal,Phulbani
Subject: Pr1. LAND SURVEY PRACTICE-1	No. of Days/per week class allotted-07	Semester From Date :16/01/2024 to Date: 26/04/2024
		No. of Weeks: 15
Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics
		1.0 Linear Measurements, Chaining and Chain Surveying:
1st	1 st	1.1 Testing and adjusting of a metric chain.
	2 nd	1.2 Measurement of distance between two points (more than 2 chain lengths apart) with chain including direct ranging.
2nd	1 st	1.3 Setting out different types of triangles, given the lengths of sides with chain and tape.
	2 nd	1.4 Measurement of distance between two points by chaining across a sloped ground using stepping method and a clinometer.
	3 rd	1.5 Measurement of distance by chaining across a obstacles on the chain line i) a pond ii) a building iii) a stream/ river (in the event of non-availability of stream / river, a pond or lake may be taken, considering that chaining around the same is not possible.
	4 th	1.6 Setting perpendicular offsets to various objects (at least 3) from a chain line using (1) tape, (2) cross-staff, (3) optical square and comparing the accuracy of the 3 methods
3rd	1 st	1.7 Setting oblique offsets to objects (at least 3) from a chain using tape
	2 nd	2.0 Angular Measurement and Compass Surveying:
	3 rd	2.1 Testing and adjustment of Prismatic compass and Surveyor's compass.
	4 th	2.2 Measurement of bearings of lines (at least 3 lines) and determination of included angles using Prismatic compass and Surveyor's compass.
4th	1 st	2.3 Setting out triangles (at least 2) with compass, given the length and bearing of one side and included angles.
	2 nd	2.4 Setting out a closed traverse of 5 sides, using prismatic compass, given bearing of one line and included angles and lengths of sides.
	3 rd	2.5 Conducting chain and compass traverse surveying in a given plot of area (2plots) and recording data in the field book. (5 to 5 students/groups)
	4 th	3.0 Map Reading Cadastral Maps & Nomenclature:
5th	1 st	3.1 Study of direction, Scale, Grid Reference and Grid Square
	2 nd	3.2 Study of Signs and Symbols
	3 rd	3.3 Cadastral Map Preparation Methodology
	4 th	3.4 Unique Identification number of parcel
6th	1 st	3.5 Positions of existing Control Points and its types
	2 nd	3.6 Adjacent Boundaries and Features, Topology Creation and verification
	3 rd	4.0 Plane Table Surveying:
	4 th	4.1 Setting up of Plane Table and Plotting five points by radiation method and five inaccessible points by intersection method.
7th	1 st	4.2 Conducting Plane Table surveying in a given plot of area by traversing (Atleast a 5-sided traverse and locating the objects)
	2 nd	4.3 Plane Table surveying by Resection method (two point & three point problem method)
	3 rd	5.0 Theodolite Traversing:
	4 th	5.1 Measurement of horizontal angles (3nos.) by repetition and reiteration method and compare two methods
8th	1 st	5.2 Prolonging a given straight line with the help of a theodolite
	2 nd	5.3 Determination of magnetic bearing of 3 given straight lines Setting out a closed traverse with 6 sides and entering the field data
	3 rd	5.4 Plotting the traverse from exercise 4.1 and checking the error of closure
9th	1 st	5.5 Setting out an open traverse with 5 sides and entering the field data
	2 nd	5.6 Plotting the traverse from exercise 4.3 and checking the error of closure
	3 rd	6.0 Leveling and Contouring:
	4 th	6.1 Making temporary adjustments of Levels
10th	1 st	6.2 Determining Reduced Levels of five given points taking staff readings with Levels
	2 nd	6.3 Determining the difference of levels between two points (3 pairs of points / group) by taking staff readings from single set up of level, recording the readings in level book and application of Arithmetic check. (At least 3 change points must be covered)
	3 rd	6.4 Conduct Fly Leveling (Compound) between two distant points with respect to R.L. of a given B.M. and reduction of levels by both height of collimation and rise & fall method and applying Arithmetic check. (At least 3 change points must be covered)
11th	1 st	6.5 Conduct profile leveling along the given alignment for a road / canal for 150m length, taking L. S. at every 15m and C. S. at 1m & 3m apart on both sides at every 30m interval and recording the data in level book and applying arithmetical check.
	2 nd	6.6 Locating contour points in the given area by direct method / indirect method
	3 rd	6.7 Conducting block level survey in the given area
12th	1 st	6.8 Plotting and drawing contour map of a given area by radial method
	2 nd	6.9 Map Interpretation: Interpret Human and Economic Activities (i.e.: Settlement, Communication, Land use etc.), Interpret Physical landform (i.e.: Relief, Drainage Pattern etc.), Problem Solving and Decision Making
	3 rd	7.0 Basics of Aerial Photography:
	4 th	7.1 Film
13th	1 st	7.2 Focal Length
	2 nd	7.3 Scale
	3 rd	7.4 Types of Aerial Photographs (Oblique, Straight)
	4 th	8.0 Basics of Photogrammetry, DEM and Ortho image generation:
	5 th	Photogrammetry:
14th	1st	8.1 Classification of Photogrammetry
	2 nd	8.2 Aerial Photogrammetry
	3 rd	8.3 Terrestrial Photogrammetry

		Photogrammetry Process:
		8.4 Acquisition of Imagery using aerial and satellite platform
15th	1st	8.5 Control Survey
		8.6 Geometric Distortion in Imagery
		8.7 Application of Imagery and its support data
		8.8 Orientation and Triangulation
	2 nd	8.9 Stereoscopic Measurement: X-parallax and Y-parallax
		8.10 DTM/DEM Generation
		8.11 Ortho Image Generation

R. P. Singh
11/01/2024

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11/01/2024

